

Ways to Build and Destroy Trust

Ten Ways to Build Trust

- 1. Self-disclosure: Be open about your motivations, concerns, and uncertainties.
- 2. <u>Honesty</u>: Tell the truth about your beliefs and intentions.
- 3. <u>Build a personal connection</u>: Get to know others and let them get to know you.
- 4. <u>Transparency</u>: Share complete, timely, and accurate information.
- 5. <u>Encourage, don't command</u>: Assume that people want to do the right thing and expect that you can influence them without coercion.
- 6. <u>Take blame, give credit</u>: Be accountable when things go wrong and provide recognition when things go well.
- 7. <u>Don't play favorites</u>: Give equal respect and attention to the needs of all team members.
- 8. Live up to commitments: Do what you say you would by when you said you would.
- 9. Be willing to learn and improve: Be open to new ideas and welcome challenges to your way of thinking.
- 10. Show humility: Admit when you are wrong or have made a mistake.

Ten Ways to Destroy Trust

- 1. Political maneuvering: Act with an eye toward gaining advantage or power over others.
- 2. Self-seeking: Value your own interests ahead of others in a way that puts them at a disadvantage.
- 3. Act unfairly: Show bias or capriciousness in decisions or behavior toward others.
- 4. <u>Withhold communication</u>: Do not share information, solicit opinions or feedback, or respond directly to questions.
- 5. <u>Mislead or obfuscate</u>: Deliberately say things that aren't true or leave out pertinent facts in order to influence the opinions or feelings of others.
- 6. <u>Question others' motives</u>: Assume that people have ill-will or bad intentions.
- 7. <u>Ignore interpersonal aspect of relationships</u>: Treat interactions with others as transactions to be completed rather than part of an ongoing association.
- 8. <u>Be manipulative</u>: Conceal your actual intentions, show superficial charm or empathy, or feign sincerity.
- 9. <u>Bad-mouth others behind their backs</u>: Be indiscrete in sharing your negative opinions of someone while refraining from sharing your view with the person directly.
- 10. <u>Fake having knowledge</u>: Pretend to have the answers or project more certainty about facts than is warranted.